

# Queens College Policy and Procedure

The Right of Nursing Mothers to Express Milk at Work Office Of Human Resources & Administrative Services

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## **Background**

As a result of the passage of The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA) in March 2010, the right of nursing mothers to express breast milk at work is protected by federal law and state laws.

### **Policy Statement**

Queens College fully adheres to the City University of New York's policy and procedures for The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA) which gives nursing mothers the right to express breast milk at work.

According to the policy, a nursing mother:

- 1) Must be given "reasonable break time" to express breast milk for her nursing child up to three years of age. The nursing mother will be given such breaks as frequently as needed.
- 2) Must be provided with a room or other location, in close proximity to the work area, other than the bathroom, that is shielded from view and free from intrusion from co-workers and the public where she can express milk in privacy. The department may, at their discretion, choose to make dedicated space(s) available for this purpose.
- 3) A mother who chooses to provide breast milk for her child may either utilize her lunch period and/or other paid break periods, if any, to express milk or take an unpaid break for such purpose. If an employee does not have paid break periods, another alternative would be to permit such employee to make up the time she may reasonably need to express breast milk by extending her work day. Department Chairs and other supervisory personnel should be made aware of the requirements of legislation and policy, so that appropriate accommodations may be made on a case-by-case basis, as needed. Please consult with the Benefits Education Coordinator or Director of Human Resources should any difficulties arise in complying with the mandates of these laws. Legislation explicitly prohibits discrimination against an employee who chooses to express breast milk in the workplace.

#### **PROCEDURE**

Employees seeking this accommodation should discuss options and break schedules with their immediate supervisors.

Additional questions may be directed to the Office of Human Resources.



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#### MEMORANDUM

August 11, 2010

To:

The College Presidents

Dean of the Law School

Dean of the School of Journalism

Dean of the School of Professional Studies

Directors of Human Resources

From: Vice Chancellor Gloriana B. Waters

Re:

Legislation Regarding Right of Nursing Mothers to Express Breast Milk at Work

Jalens

As a result of the passage of The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA) in March 2010, the right of nursing mothers to express breast milk at work is protected by federal law as well as state law. Accordingly, we are updating our office's October 4, 2007 memorandum on this subject. In light of the new federal law and the New York State law passed in 2007, a nursing mother:

- (1) must be given "reasonable break time" to express breast milk for her nursing child up to three years of age. The nursing mother will be given such breaks as frequently as needed.
- (2) must be provided with a room or other location, in close proximity to the work area, other than the bathroom, that is shielded from view and free from intrusion from co-workers and the public where she can express milk in privacy. The Colleges may, at their discretion, choose to make dedicated space(s) available for this purpose.
- (3) who chooses to provide breast milk for her child may either utilize her lunch period and/or other paid break periods, if any, to express milk or take an unpaid break for such purpose. Although not expressly mentioned in either law, if an employee does not have paid break periods, another alternative would be to permit such employee to make up the time she may reasonably need to express breast milk by extending her work day. Please make certain that your Department Chairs and other supervisory personnel are made aware of the requirements of the legislation, so that appropriate accommodations may be made on a case-by-case basis, as needed. You should advise such personnel to consult with the Director of Human Resources should any difficulties arise in complying with the mandates of these laws. The legislation explicitly prohibits discrimination against an employee who chooses to express breast milk in the work place.



If you have any questions regarding the implementation of this workplace legislation, please contact Patricia Stein in the Office of Human Resources at 212-794-5768 or Kathy Raymond in the Office of Legal Affairs at 212-794-5759.

Cc. Kathy Raymond