#### QUEENS COLLEGE DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

## Final Examination (2 hours 30 minutes)

# **Mathematics 141**

#### Fall 2019

### Instructions: Answer all the questions. Show all work.

1. Use analytical methods (not your calculator) to find each of the following limits. If the limit is  $+\infty$ ,  $-\infty$  or does not exist (DNE), explain your reasoning.

a) 
$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{\frac{4x}{x+2} - \frac{4}{3}}{x-1}$$

b) 
$$\lim_{x \to -2^+} \frac{x^2 - x - 6}{x^2 + 4x + 4}$$

c) 
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{1 - \cos^2 x}{x^2 (1 + \cos x)}$$

d) 
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \cos\left(\frac{x^5 + 1}{x^6 + x^5 + 100}\right)$$

- 2. a) Let  $f(x) = \sqrt{1 9x}$ . Using the definition of the derivative, find f'(x).
  - b) Find the domains of f(x) and f'(x).
- 3. a) State the Intermediate Value Theorem.
  - b) Use the Intermediate Value Theorem to show that  $f(x) = \frac{1}{16}x^4 x^3 + 3$  has a zero on the interval (1,2).
  - c) Use your calculator to find the zero of f(x) on (1,2). Round your answer to 5 decimal places.
- 4. Use the method of linear approximation to estimate the value of  $(7.94)^{2/3}$ .
- 5. In each of the following, find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ . (Algebraic simplification is not necessary.)

a) 
$$y = \sqrt[3]{2 + \tan(x^2)}$$

b) 
$$y = (x^{-4} - 2)^3 (5x^2 + 1)^{-2/3}$$

c) 
$$x = \sin(y^2) - 5x^4y$$

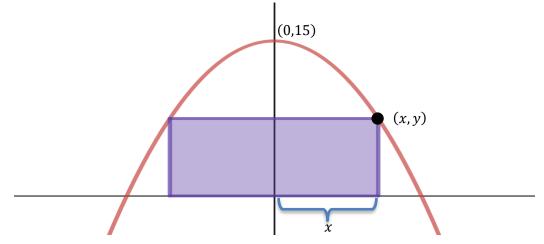
d) 
$$y = \left(\frac{\sec^3 x - 2\pi^6}{4x^5 + 3x^4 - x}\right)^8$$

6. Let  $f(x) = 1 + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2}$ .

- a) Find the vertical and horizontal asymptotes of the graph of f, if any.
- b) For which intervals is *f* increasing and for which intervals is *f* decreasing?
- c) Find all the local maxima and/or local minima of f.
- d) For which intervals is the graph of f is concave up and for which is it concave down?
- e) Find the inflection points of the graph of f, if any.
- f) Sketch the graph of y = f(x) using the information found in parts a) e).

#### (continued on the back)

7. Find the dimensions of the rectangle of largest area that has its base on the *x*-axis and its other two vertices above the *x*-axis and lying on the parabola  $y = 15 - x^2$ .



- 8. What point on the curve  $y = \sqrt{x+4}$  comes closest to the origin?
- 9. The equation of motion of a particle moving along a horizontal line is  $s(t) = 2t^3 7t^2 + 4t + 1$ , where *s* is measured in meters and *t* is measured in seconds.
  - a) Find the velocity and acceleration functions of the particle with respect to *t*.
  - b) Find the acceleration of the particle after one second.
  - c) At what time(s) does the particle come to rest?
  - d) When is the particle moving to the right?
- 10. Jessica is filling a conical paper cup with lemonade. The cup is 12cm tall and has a radius of 12 cm. If the level of the lemonade rises at a constant rate of 6 cm/s, how fast is the volume of the lemonade changing when the height of the lemonade is 8 cm? ( $V_{cone} = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ )