

**QUEENS COLLEGE
DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS**

Final Examination

$2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours

Mathematics 131

Spring 2025

Instructions: Answer all questions and show your work in the blue book provided.

1) Use the provided graph of $f(x)$ to evaluate each of the following, if it exists.

a. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} f(x)$

b. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} f(x)$

c. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} f(x)$

d. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} f(x)$

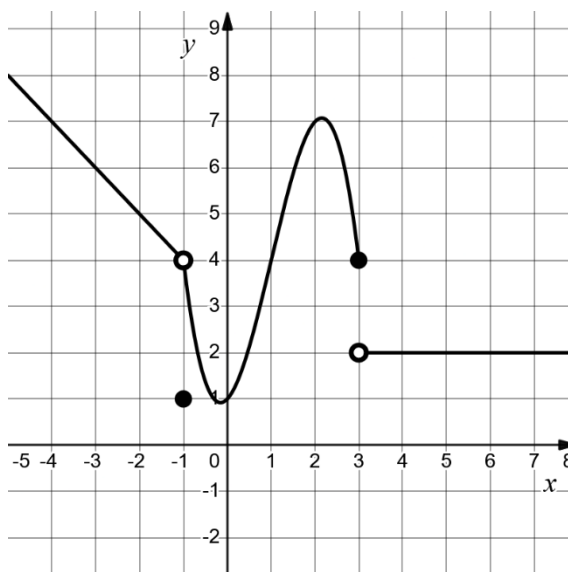
e. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} f(x)$

f. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x)$

g. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x)$

h. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x)$

i. $f'(3)$



2) Evaluate each of the following limits without using a table or graph:

a. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 8} \frac{\sqrt{2x} - 4}{x - 8}$

b. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{9 - x^2}{x^2 + 2x - 15}$

c. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\ln(x)}{x - 5}$

d. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 + 2x^3 - 5x^5}{8x^5 + 6x^3}$

3) Given the function $f(x) = 5x - x^2$,

- use the limit definition of the derivative to find $f'(x)$.
- find an equation of the tangent line at the point $(2, 6)$.

4) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ for each of the following. (You do not need to simplify.)

a. $y = \frac{5x}{3x^3} - \frac{4}{\sqrt[7]{x}} + \sqrt[3]{5x^4 - x} + \frac{e^{5x}}{2x}$

b. $y = \ln\left(\frac{(x^5 + 2x)^3(2x - 1)^4}{e^{x^6 + 7x}}\right)$

c. $y = (2x^3 - x + 8)e^{-x}$, (e^{-x} is an exponent)

d. $4x^6y - \sqrt[5]{y^2} = \ln 2 - x^5$

(continued on the back)

- 5) Let $f(x) = x^4 - 8x^2 + 7$. Using calculus (not the calculator)
- find the intervals of increase and decrease of f .
 - find the relative (local) maximums and minimums of f and their coordinates, if any.
 - find the intervals of upward and downward concavity of f .
 - find the inflection point(s) of f , if any.
 - Graph $f(x)$ using the information from parts a-d and label all relative extrema and inflection points.
- 6) The demand for x number of units is given by the price function $p(x) = 234 - 0.2x$ and the total cost function for x number of units is given by $C(x) = 3x + 19$.
- Find the total revenue function, $R(x)$
 - Find the total profit function, $P(x)$
 - How many units need to be sold to maximize the profit? What is the maximum profit?
- 7) The demand function for a certain item is given by $p = 560 - 0.31x^2$, where p is the price in dollars and x is the quantity measured in thousands. If the price is dropping at a rate of \$12.40/week, find the rate at which the quantity is changing when the price is \$529.
- 8) Suppose the total profit function, measured in dollars, for a company making x number of calculators is $P(x) = -0.000001x^3 - 0.01x^2 + 100x - 5000$ for $0 \leq x \leq 6000$.
- Can we use the Intermediate Value Theorem to show that the company will have a profit of \$10,000 for some amount of calculators in the specified range? Explain.
 - Use marginal analysis to approximate the profit from the production of the 51st calculator.
 - Find the actual profit from the production of the 51st calculator.
- 9) Suppose that \$7500 is invested at the interest rate of 1.75% per year.
- Compute the balance after 8 years if interest is compounded monthly.
 - Compute the balance after 8 years if interest is compounded continuously.
 - How long will it take your money to double if it is compounded continuously?