

**QUEENS COLLEGE**  
**DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS**

**Final Examination**  
**2 1/2 Hours**

**Mathematics 131**

**Fall 2025**

**Instructions: Answer all questions. Show all work in the provided blue exam book.**

1. Given  $f(x) = \frac{3}{x}$ .
  - a) Use the limit definition of the derivative to find  $f'(x)$ .
  - b) Find an equation of the line tangent to the graph of  $f(x)$  at the point  $(3,1)$ .
  
2. Use the provided graph of  $f(x)$  to evaluate each of the following:
  - a)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x)$
  - b)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x)$
  - c)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x)$
  - d)  $f(2)$
  - e)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x)$
  - f)  $f(0)$
  - g)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x)$
  - h) For what value(s) of  $x$  does the function  $f$  have a discontinuity? Explain using the definition of continuity.
  
3. Evaluate each limit. ( $+\infty$ ,  $-\infty$ , and DNE are acceptable possible answers.)
  - a)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 + 4x + 3}$
  - b)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 25} \frac{\sqrt{x} - 5}{x - 25}$
  - c)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{3 - x^3 + 10x^2}{5x + 2x^3}$
  - d)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x)$  , given  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 10 & , \text{ if } x < 0 \\ \sqrt{x} & , \text{ if } x \geq 0 \end{cases}$
  
4. Given  $f(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 + 3$ .
  - a) Can the Intermediate Value Theorem be used to show  $f(x) = 1$  for some value of  $x$  in the interval  $0 \leq x \leq 1$ ? Justify your answer.
  - b) Find the absolute extrema of  $f(x)$  on the interval  $0 \leq x \leq 1$

**(continued on the back)**

5. Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  for each of the following functions. You do not need to simplify.

a)  $y = \frac{4x^5}{5} + \sqrt[3]{x^5} - 2e^x + \ln(2x^4 + x) - \ln(x^7)$

b)  $y = \frac{e^{3x-1}}{(5x^2 + x)^{100}}$

c)  $y = 5^{x^2+3x}$  (Hint: Use logarithmic differentiation.)

d)  $5x^2y + y^3 = 2x^3 + 15$

6. a) Suppose \$5000 is invested into a bank that pays an annual interest rate of 3.5%. Compute the balance after 6 years if interest is compounded

- i. monthly.
- ii. continuously.

b) How much money should be invested at an annual interest rate of 2% compounded continuously so that it will be worth \$1000 in five years?

7. Let  $f(x) = 2x^3 - 6x^2 + 5$ . Using calculus (not your graphing calculator):

- a) Find the intervals of increase and decrease of  $f$ .
- b) Find the relative (local) maxima and minima of  $f$  and their coordinates.
- c) Find the intervals of upward and downward concavity of  $f$ .
- d) Find the inflection point(s) of  $f$  and their coordinates.
- e) Using the information from parts a) – d), carefully sketch the graph of  $f$ . Label all relative extrema, inflection points, and the y-intercept.

**\*Be sure to clearly label each part of the problem you are working on\***

8. A manufacturer will produce and sell  $x$  units of a product when the price is  $p = 3x^2 - 4x$  dollars. The total cost to produce  $x$  units is given by the function  $C(x) = -.05x^3 + 90x + 1000$  dollars.

- a) Find the total revenue function,  $R(x)$ .
- b) Find the total profit function,  $P(x)$ .
- c) Use marginal analysis to estimate the **cost** of producing the 7th unit.
- d) Find the actual **cost** of producing the 7th unit.
- e) Find the average **cost** per unit if 7 units are produced.

9. An ice sculpture is melting into an approximately circular puddle forming at its base. The area of the puddle is increasing at the rate of  $10\pi \text{ ft}^2$  per hour. Find the rate that the radius of the puddle is changing at the instant when the radius of the puddle is 2 ft.